

Characterised control valve with sensoroperated flow control, 2-way, Internal and external thread, PN 25 (EPIV)

- Nominal voltage AC/DC 24 V
- Control modulating, communicative, hybrid
- For closed cold and warm water systems
- For modulating control of air-handling and heating systems on the water side
- Communication via BACnet MS/TP, Modbus RTU, Belimo-MP-Bus or conventional control
- Conversion of active sensor signals and switching contacts

# **Technical data sheet**







Type Overview								
Туре	DN	Rp ["]	G ["]	V'nom [l/s]	V'nom [l/min]	V'nom [m³/h]	kvs theor. [m³/h]	PN
EP015R2+BAC	15	1/2	3/4	0.42	25	1.5	2.8	25
EP020R2+BAC	20	3/4	1	0.69	41.7	2.5	4.8	25
EP025R2+BAC	25	1	1 1/4	0.97	58.3	3.5	8.1	25
EP032R2+BAC	32	1 1/4	1 1/2	1.67	100	6	11.4	25
EP040R2+BAC	40	1 1/2	2	2.78	166.7	10	17.1	25
EP050R2+BAC	50	2	2 1/2	4.17	250	15	25	25

kvs theor.: Theoretical kvs value for pressure drop calculation



# Technical data

Electrical data	Nominal voltage	AC/DC 24 V						
	Nominal voltage frequency	50/60 Hz						
	Nominal voltage range	AC 19.228.8 V / DC 21.628.8 V						
	Power consumption in operation	4 W (DN 15, 20, 25)						
		5 W (DN 32, 40, 50)						
	Power consumption in rest position	3.7 W (DN 15, 20, 25) 3.9 W (DN 32, 40, 50)						
	Power consumption for wire sizing	6.5 VA (DN 15, 20, 25)						
	•	7.5 VA (DN 32, 40, 50)						
	Connection supply / control	Cable 1 m, 6 x 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup>						
Data bus communication	Communicative control	BACnet MS/TP						
		Modbus RTU						
		MP-Bus						
	Number of nodes	BACnet / Modbus see interface description MP-Bus max. 8						
	MP-Bus compatibility mode	If the device is used as a EPR-(K)MP						
	,	replacement in an existing MP-Bus system, the						
		unit can be set to the MP compatibility mode.						
		The existing MP client will recognize the device						
		as former EPIV device.						
		The compatibility mode shall not be used for new projects.						
		new projects.						
Functional data	Operating range Y	210 V						
	Operating range Y variable	0.510 V						
	Position feedback U	210 V						
	Position feedback U note	Max. 1 mA						
	Position feedback U variable	010 V						
	Count of sure level Mater	0.510 V						
	Sound power level Motor	35 dB(A) (DN 15, 20, 25, 32, 40) 45 dB(A) (DN 50)						
	V'max adjustable	25100% of V'nom						
	Control accuracy	±5% (of 25100% V'nom)						
	Control accuracy note	±10% (of 25100% V'nom) @ Glycol 060% vol.						
	Min. controllable flow	1% of V'nom						
	Parametrisation	via NFC, Belimo Assistant App						
	Fluid	Cold and warm water, water with glycol up to max. 60% vol.						
	Fluid temperature	-10120°C [14248°F]						
	Close-off pressure Δps	1400 kPa						
	Differential pressure Δpmax	350kPa						
	Differential pressure note	200 kPa for low-noise operation						
	Leakage rate	air-bubble tight, leakage rate A (EN 12266-1)						
	Installation position	upright to horizontal (in relation to the stem)						
	Servicing	maintenance-free						
	Manual override	with push-button, can be locked						
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Flow measurement	Measuring principle	Ultrasonic volumetric flow measurement						
	Measuring accuracy flow	±2% (of 20100% V'nom) @ 20°C / glycol 0% vol.						
	Measuring accuracy flow note	±5% (of 20100% V'nom) @ glycol 060% vol.						
	Min. flow measurement	0.5% of V'nom						
Glycol monitoring	Measurement display glycol	060% or >60%						
_	Measuring accuracy glycolmonitoring	±4% (060%)						



## Safety data Safety data

Protection class IEC/EN	III, Protective Extra-Low Voltage (PELV)						
Degree of protection IEC/EN	IP54						
Pressure equipment directive	CE according to 2014/68/EU						
EMC	CE according to 2014/30/EU						
Certification IEC/EN	IEC/EN 60730-1:11 and IEC/EN 60730-2-15:10						
Quality Standard	ISO 9001						
Type of action	Type 1						
Rated impulse voltage supply / control	0.8 kV						
Pollution degree	3						
Ambient humidity	Max. 95% RH, non-condensing						
Ambient temperature	-3050°C [-22122°F]						
Storage temperature	-4080°C [-40176°F]						
Valve body	Brass						
Flow measuring pipe	Brass body nickel-plated						
Closing element	Stainless steel						
Spindle	Stainless steel						

## Safety notes



Spindle seal

Materials

This device has been designed for use in stationary heating, ventilation and air-conditioning
systems and must not be used outside the specified field of application, especially in aircraft or
in any other airborne means of transport.

**EPDM O-ring** 

- Outdoor application: only possible in case that no (sea) water, snow, ice, insolation or
  aggressive gases interfere directly with the device and that it is ensured that the ambient
  conditions remain within the thresholds according to the data sheet at any time.
- Only authorised specialists may carry out installation. All applicable legal or institutional installation regulations must be complied during installation.
- The device contains electrical and electronic components and must not be disposed of as household refuse. All locally valid regulations and requirements must be observed.

## **Product features**

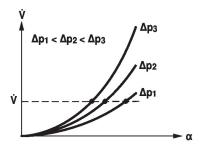
#### Mode of operation

The HVAC performance device is comprised of three components: characterised control valve (CCV), measuring pipe with flow sensor and the actuator itself. The adjusted maximum flow (V'max) is assigned to the maximum control signal (typically 100%). The HVAC performance device can be controlled via communicative signals. The fluid is detected by the sensor in the measuring pipe and is applied as the flow value. The measured value is balanced with the setpoint. The actuator corrects the deviation by changing the valve position. The angle of rotation  $\alpha$  varies according to the differential pressure through the control element (see flow curves).

#### **Calibration certificate**

There is a calibration certificate available in the Belimo Cloud for each device. If needed, it can be downloaded as a PDF through the Belimo Assistant App.

#### Flow rate curves





#### **Control characteristics**

The fluid velocity is measured in the measuring component (sensor electronics) and converted to a flow rate signal.

The control signal Y corresponds to the power Q via the exchanger, the flow is regulated in the EPIV. The control signal Y is converted into an equal-percentage characteristic curve and provided with the V'max value as the new reference variable w. The momentary control deviation forms the control signal Y1 for the actuator.

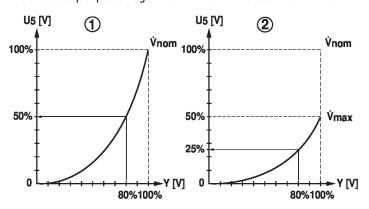
The specially configured control parameters in connection with the precise flow sensor ensure a stable quality of control. They are, however, not suitable for rapid control processes, i.e. for domestic water control. U5 displays the measured flow as voltage (factory setting).

Parametrising V'max with Belimo Assistant App:

U5 refers to the respective V'nom, i.e. if V'max is e.g. 50% of V'nom, then Y = 10 V, U5 = 5 V.

As an alternative, U5 can be used for displaying the valve opening angle (position) or the fluid temperature.

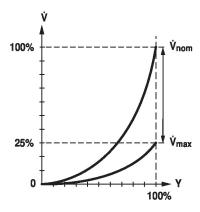
1. Standard equal percentage V'max = V'nom / 2. effect V'max < V'nom



Flow control

V'nom is the maximum possible flow.

V'max is the maximum flow rate which has been set with the highest control signal DDC. V'max can be set between 25% and 100% of V'nom.



#### Position control

In this setting, the control signal is assigned to the opening angle of the valve (e.g. Y = 10 V  $\alpha$  = 90°).

The result is a pressure-dependent operation similar to that of a conventional valve.

Running time of the motor in this mode is 90 s for 90°.

#### Creep flow suppression

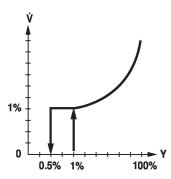
Given the very low flow speed in the opening point, this can no longer be measured by the sensor within the required tolerance. This range is overridden electronically.

#### Opening valve

The valve remains closed until the flow required by the control signal DDC corresponds to 1% of V'nom. The control along the flow characteristic is active after this value has been exceeded.

#### Closing valve

The control along the flow characteristic is active up to the required flow rate of 1% of V'nom. Once the level falls below this value, the flow rate is maintained at 1% of V'nom. If the level falls below the flow rate of 0.5% of V'nom required by the control signal DDC, then the valve will close.



Converter for sensors

Connection option for a sensor (active or with switching contact). In this way, the analogue sensor signal can be easily digitised and transferred to the bus systems BACnet, Modbus or MP-Bus.

Control signal inversion

This can be inverted in cases of control with an analogue control signal. The inversion causes the reversal of the standard behaviour, i.e. at a control signal of 0%, regulation is to V'max, and the valve is closed at a control signal of 100%.

Hydronic balancing

With the Belimo tools, the maximum flow rate (equivalent to 100% requirement) can be adjusted on-site, simply and reliably, in a few steps. If the device is integrated in the management system, then the balancing can be handled directly by the management system.

Combination analogue - communicative

(hybrid mode)

With conventional control by means of an analogue control signal DDC, BACnet, Modbus or MP-Bus can be used for the communicative position feedback.

Glycol monitoring

Glycol monitoring measures the actual glycol content, which is necessary for safe operation and optimised heat exchange.

Manual override

Manual override with push-button possible (the gear train is disengaged for as long as the button is pressed or remains locked).

High functional safety

The actuator is overload protected, requires no limit switches and automatically stops when the end stop is reached.

## Parts included

Parts included	Description	Туре				
	Insulation shell for EPIV / Belimo Energy Valve™ DN 1525	Z-INSH15				
	Insulation shell for EPIV / Belimo Energy Valve™ DN 3250	Z-INSH32				
	Insulation shell not included in Asia Pacific					



#### **Accessories**

Mechanical accessories	Description	Туре				
	Pipe connector DN 15 Rp 1/2", G 3/4"	EXT-EF-15F				
	Pipe connector DN 20 Rp 3/4", G 1"	EXT-EF-20F				
	Pipe connector DN 25 Rp 1", G 1 1/4"	EXT-EF-25F				
	Pipe connector DN 32 Rp 1 1/4", G 1 1/2"	EXT-EF-32F				
	Pipe connector DN 40 Rp 1 1/2", G 2"	EXT-EF-40F				
	Pipe connector DN 50 Rp 2", G 2 1/2"	EXT-EF-50F				
	Insulation shell for EPIV / Belimo Energy Valve™ DN 1525	Z-INSH15				
	Insulation shell for EPIV / Belimo Energy Valve™ DN 3250	Z-INSH32				
	Valve neck extension for ball valve DN 1550	ZR-EXT-01				
	Pipe connector for ball valve DN 15 Rp 1/2"	ZR2315				
	Pipe connector for ball valve DN 20 Rp 3/4"	ZR2320				
	Pipe connector for ball valve DN 25 Rp 1"	ZR2325				
	Pipe connector for ball valve DN 32 Rp 1 1/4"	ZR2332				
	Pipe connector for ball valve DN 40 Rp 1 1/2"	ZR2340				
	Pipe connector for ball valve DN 50 Rp 2"	ZR2350				
Tools	Description	Туре				
	Converter Bluetooth / NFC	ZIP-BT-NFC				

## **Electrical installation**



Supply from isolating transformer.

Parallel connection of other actuators possible. Observe the performance data.

The wiring of the line for BACnet MS/TP / Modbus RTU is to be carried out in accordance with applicable RS-485 regulations.

Modbus / BACnet: Supply and communication are not galvanically isolated. Connect earth signal of the devices with one another.

Sensor connection: An additional sensor can optionally be connected to the flow sensor. This can be an active sensor with output DC 0...10 V (max. DC 0...32 V with resolution 30 mV) or a switching contact (switching current min. 16 mA @ 24 V). Thus the analogue signal of the sensor can be easily digitised with the flow sensor and transferred to the corresponding bus system.

Analogue output: An analogue output (wire 5) is available on the flow sensor. It can be selected as 0...10 V, 0.5...10 V, 2...10 V or user defined. For example, the flow rate or the temperature of the temperature sensor (Pt1000 - EN 60751, 2-wire technology) can be output as an analogue value.

## Wire colours:

1 = black

2 = red 3 = white

5 = orange

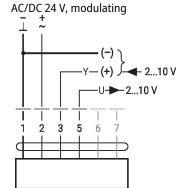
6 = pink

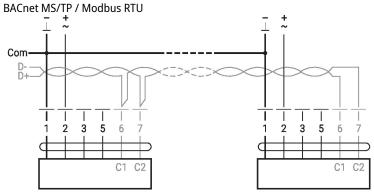
7 = grey

**Functions:** 

C1 = D- = A (wire 6)

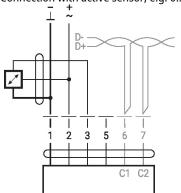
C2 = D + = B (wire 7)







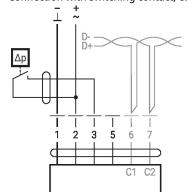
Connection with active sensor, e.g. 0...10 V @ 0...50°C



Possible voltage range: 0...32 V

Resolution 30 mV

Connection with switching contact, e.g. Δp monitor

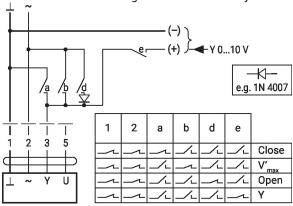


Switching contact requirements: The switching contact must be able to switch a current of 16 mA at 24 V accurately.

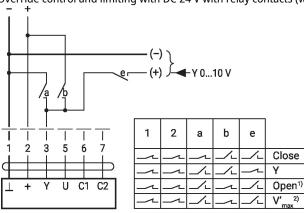
## **Functions**

## Functions with specific parameters (Parametrisation necessary)

Override control and limiting with AC 24 V with relay contacts

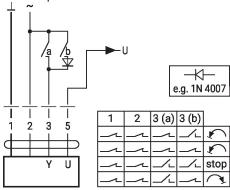


Override control and limiting with DC 24 V with relay contacts (with conventional control or hybrid mode)



- 1) Position control
- 2) Flow control

Control 3-point with AC 24 V

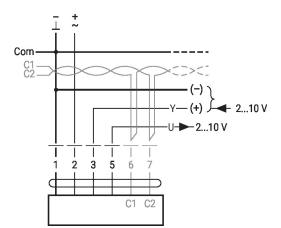


Position control: 90° = 100s

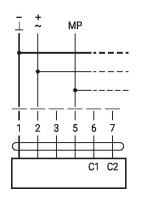
Flow control: Vmax = 100s



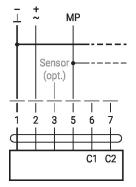
BACnet MS/TP / Modbus RTU with analogue setpoint (hybrid mode)



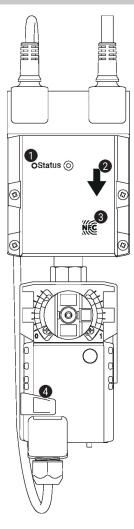
MP-Bus, supply via 3-wire connection



MP-Bus via 2-wire connection, local power supply



## Operating controls and indicators



1 LED display green

On: Device starting up

Off: No power supply or wiring error

Flashing: In operation (Voltage ok)

2 Flow direction

**3** NFC interface

Manual override button

Press button: Gear train disengages, motor stops, manual override possible

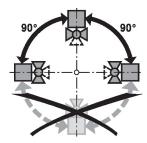
Release button: Gear train engages, standard mode. Device performs synchronisation.



#### **Installation notes**

## **Recommended installation positions**

The ball valve can be installed upright to horizontal. The ball valve may not be installed in a hanging position, i.e. with the spindle pointing downwards.



Installation position in return

Installation in the return is recommended.

Water quality requirements

The water quality requirements specified in VDI 2035 must be adhered to.

Belimo valves are regulating devices. For the valves to function correctly in the long term, they must be kept free from particle debris (e.g. welding beads during installation work). The installation of a suitable strainer is recommended.

Servicing

Ball valves, rotary actuators and sensors are maintenance-free.

Before any service work on the control element is carried out, it is essential to isolate the rotary actuator from the power supply (by unplugging the electrical cable if necessary). Any pumps in the part of the piping system concerned must also be switched off and the appropriate slide valves closed (allow all components to cool down first if necessary and always reduce the system pressure to ambient pressure level).

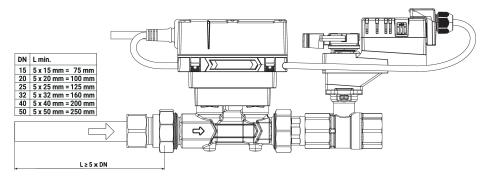
The system must not be returned to service until the ball valve and the rotary actuator have been correctly reassembled in accordance with the instructions and the pipeline has been refilled by professionally trained personnel.

Flow direction

The direction of flow, specified by an arrow on the housing, is to be complied with, since otherwise the flow rate will be measured incorrectly.

Inlet section

In order to achieve the specified measuring accuracy, a flow-calming section or inflow section in the direction of the flow is to be provided upstream from the flow sensor. Its dimensions should be at least 5x DN.



Split installation

The valve-actuator combination may be mounted separately from the flow sensor. The direction of flow of both components must be observed.



## **General notes**

# Minimum differential pressure (pressure drop)

The minimum required differential pressure (pressure drop through the valve) for achieving the desired volumetric flow V'max can be calculated with the aid of the theoretical kvs value (see type overview) and the below-mentioned formula. The calculated value is dependent on the required maximum volumetric flow V'max. Higher differential pressures are compensated for automatically by the valve.

Formula

$$\Delta p_{min} = 100 \text{ x} \left( \frac{\dot{V}_{max}}{k_{vs \text{ theor.}}} \right)^2 \begin{bmatrix} \Delta p_{min} : kPa \\ \dot{V}_{max} : m^3/h \\ k_{vs \text{ theor.}} : m^3/h \end{bmatrix}$$

Example (DN 25 with the desired maximum flow rate = 50% V'nom)

EP025R2+BAC kvs theor. = 8.1 m <sup>3</sup>/h V'nom = 69 l/min

50% \* 69 l/min = 34.5 l/min = 2.07 m<sup>3</sup>/h

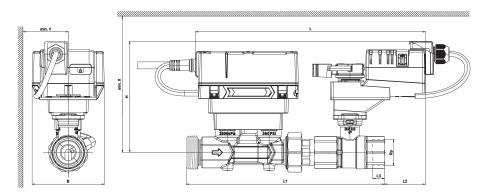
$$\Delta p_{min} = 100 \text{ x} \left( \frac{V'_{max}}{k_{vs \text{ theor.}}} \right)^2 = 100 \text{ x} \left( \frac{2.07 \text{ m}^3/h}{8.1 \text{ m}^3/h} \right)^2 = 6.5 \text{ kPa}$$

Behaviour in case of sensor failure

In case of a flow sensor error, the EPIV will switch from flow control to position control. Once the error disappears, the EPIV will switch back to the normal control setting.

#### **Dimensions**

#### **Dimensional drawings**



Туре	DN	<b>Rp</b> ["]	<b>G</b> ["]	L [mm]	<b>L1</b> [mm]	<b>L2</b> [mm]	<b>L3</b> [mm]	<b>B</b> [mm]	H [mm]	<b>X</b> [mm]	<b>Y</b> [mm]	$\int_{\text{kg}}^{\Omega}$
EP015R2+BAC	15	1/2	3/4	331	195	63	13	90	137	207	80	2.1
EP020R2+BAC	20	3/4	1	343	230	58	14	90	139	209	80	2.8
EP025R2+BAC	25	1	1 1/4	349	246	51	16	90	139	209	80	2.7
EP032R2+BAC	32	1 1/4	1 1/2	367	267	50	19	90	146	216	80	4.0
EP040R2+BAC	40	1 1/2	2	373	281	46	19	90	146	216	80	4.8
EP050R2+BAC	50	2	2 1/2	390	294	49	22	90	151	221	80	5.2

## **Further documentation**

- Tool connections
- BACnet Interface description
- Modbus Interface description
- Overview MP Cooperation Partners
- MP Glossary
- Introduction to MP-Bus Technology
- · General notes for project planning
- Installation instructions for actuators and/or ball valves